

Subscription Two Dollars Per Annum. Office, 29 Broad Street.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----

Established 1866: Excelsior Jewelry Store  
**GAVEN SPENCE & CO.,**  
 895 & 897 Broad Street, NEWARK, N. J.  
 SPECIALTIES,  
 FINE DIAMONDS,  
 FINE WATCHES,

**LOW PRICES.**

---

**GEO. PETERSON,**  
**House & Sign Painter,**  
**HARD WOOD FINISHING**

pressive is sufficiently proved by the fact that private improvements have been carried on at the same time to an extent never approached in the village before.

"In a period of six years, just after the community had assumed the normal school debt, two congregations raised \$70,000 for new churches.

Kalsomring, Paper Hanging, Graining.

29 PELCUBET ST., BLOOMFIELD.

JOHN G. KEYLER & SON,

old ones renovated. A valuable free library has been established.

"Meanwhile public spirit has been developed. The village government no longer represents to the citizens merely a district school, a justice of the peace and a couple of constables.

**FURNITURE.**

Of Every Description.

social enjoyment. The people have  
earned how much even a small com-  
munity can accomplish by pulling to-  
gether.

"San Francisco knows how much a  
large one can do by pulling apart."

FIFTY.

**AN ORDINANCE**

TO AUTHORIZE THE INHABITANTS OF  
the Township of Bloomfield, in the  
County of Essex, to make a contract and  
agreement with the inhabitants of the Town-  
ship of Montclair in the County of Essex,  
for the construction of a sewer in said Township

of  
and  
in  
the  
County  
of  
Essex,

ALWAYS ON HAND.  
**Re-Upholstering and Repairing**  
done with neatness.

intersection of the trunk sewer now being constructed by the City of Orange.

WHEREAS, The Township Committee of the township of Bloomfield in the county of Essex is of the opinion that the public good requires that a system of sewers and drains be constructed in and for said township under the provisions of an act entitled, "An Act to Provide for Drainage and Sewage in Township Incorporated Townships in which there is a Public Water Supply," approved March 4th 1884, and the several supplements and amendments thereto; and WHEREAS the "Inhabitants of

ment" have applied for permission to build a new structure on the territory within the bounds of said Township of Bloomfield, and WHEREAS the said Township Committee deem it expedient that they should not withhold their consent to the construction of such sewer through territory situate within the bounds of said township, and WHEREAS the said Township Committee deem it expedient to construct and agree with the municipal authorities of the said Township of Montclair for the privilege and right to connect the sewers and drains of said Township of Bloomfield with such sewer to be constructed as aforesaid, in such manner as the sewer commission may deem proper, and

DEALER IN  
Pine, Spruce and Hemlock  
LUMBER.

AND FURTHER that the said Township Committee of the Township of Bloomfield shall assent that the authorities of said Township Municipal construct a sewer within the territory of said Township of Bloomfield from the line dividing said townships in Washington Street easterly through Washington Street and Union Street to the intersection of the

AND

**Masons' Materials,**

LATH, SHINGLES, BRICK, LIM

CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.

Orange, such sewer to be constructed upon  
and in accordance with plans to be ap-  
proved by this Township Committee, and  
the fee to be paid by the Township of Bloomfield  
the right and privilege of connecting the  
sewers and drains of such township with the  
old sewer, to be a sum not exceeding \$4000.—  
and such proportion of the annual expense of  
maintaining said sewer as shall hereunto be  
assessed upon by the parties to said contract.  
Passed March 30, 1893.  
JAMES H. BEACH, Chairman.  
WM. L. JOHNSON, Clerk.

---

**SPRUE STREET**  
At crossing of N. Y. and Greenwood Lake R.R.

**A. B. McDougall,**  
**FUNERAL DIRECTOR.**  
**AND EMBALMER.**

**Del., Lack, & Western R. . .**  
 Newark and Bloomfield Branch.

**TO NEW YORK.**

Leave Glen-Ridge	5.54	6.15	6.38	7.09	7.40	7.58
10.16	10.40	11.05	11.37	11.57	12.13	12.43
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9						

[illegible]

## WATER AND LIGHT

How a New York Village Does  
Its Own Business.  
[FROM "THE NEW NATION" OF APRIL 2,  
1892.]

(D. C.) correspondent of the *San Francisco Examiner*, recently visited the village of Fredonia, N. Y., and he has written an interesting letter to his paper, describing the notable steps taken there in the direction of public ownership. In 1866 Fredonia was almost destitute of public improvements. The first step toward progress was the building of a Normal School by bonding the town and then turning the school over to the estate. The debt, contracted in 1867, was paid by 1887, and the institution is in a flourishing condition. Mr. Moffett continues:

"By 1883 the burden of the school debt had become so light that the people began to think about indulging in some other improvements. The decision that it was time for the old pump to go. Of course, there were the usual propositions for the supply of water by private corporations, but the community had begun to like the idea of doing things for itself. So it built its own water works at a cost of \$85,000. The expense was met by the issue of 4 per cent bonds. A reservoir was constructed by damming a creek in the hills, and the water enters the village under a head of 250 feet. The pressure is sufficient to throw a stream over any building in town. The old

volunteer companies have been dispensed with, and all that is required is a handful of men to haul a hose cart to the scene of trouble and attach the hose to a main. In addition to the free use of a fire service of fifty-seven hydrants, and all the water

age draws a revenue from water rates which now amounts to \$4,500 a year, and is constantly growing. All the payments on the principal of the water bonds are made from this revenue, and the surplus is used to extend the main. The bonds are paid off at the rate of \$2,500 a year, and the taxation for interest will soon cease, and when the last obligation is cancelled, the surplus revenue from water rates will be available for general village purposes.

still remaining unsatisfied seemed that of a system of illumination. Fredonia had been the first place in the world to light its houses with natural gas, beginning this improvement as long ago as 1821, but 70 years later its streets still remained in darkness. The gas was controlled by a private corporation whose high prices had discouraged the use of that variety of lighting for public purposes. But the village had finally learned that it could take care of its own light, and last year put in an electric plant of its own. The cost of

"At every new turn of the Fredonia windmill" the local Silurians have

tionary predicted such a place or taxation as would make the place unprofitable. How are their prophecies turning out? I quote from a letter of a progressive and representative citizen: "We have worked, like every wide-awake man, for the advancement of this town."

"When our last electric light note was paid our village tax will not exceed five mills per dollar on the assessed valuation (54 per cent of selling value) and we shall still have a surplus for other improvements. When our water works and public building are paid for, the income will easily pay for our village expenses. In fact, we

"Frandonia has a complete survey of sewer system, which has already

streets are concerned, and is being extended from year to year. The people pay for their sewers as they go along, each street meeting the cost of its own local drainage, and the village paying for any increased size needed to accommodate the older streets. The principal streets are provided with stone sidewalks—not artificial, but of real stone. The property owners are encouraged to lay these in front of their places by being allowed a drawback of half the cost from the general sewer tax. When most of the proprietors on a street have laid stone sidewalks, the Silurians who hold out and themselves paying about the whole tax.

"Since the Fredonia people have undertaken the secret of making improvements pay for themselves, there is scarcely anything they would lack the confidence to undertake. The town is still a very first class hotel, and the inhabitants are lamenting that they are not a slavery by law, issue bonds and build one as a public en-

## WATER AND LIGHT

How a New York Village Does  
Its Own Business.  
[FROM "THE NEW NATION" OF APRIL 2,  
1892.]

(D. C.) correspondent of the *San Francisco Examiner*, recently visited the village of Fredonia, N. Y., and he has written an interesting letter to his paper, describing the notable steps taken there in the direction of public ownership. In 1866 Fredonia was almost destitute of public improvements. The first step toward progress was the building of a Normal School by bonding the town and

When turning the school over to the state. The debt, contracted in 1867, was paid by 1887, and the institution is in a flourishing condition. Mr. Moffett continues:

"By 1883 the burden of the school debt had become so light that the people began to think about indulging in some other improvements. They decided that it was time for the low pumps to go. Of course, there were the usual propositions for the supply of water by private corporations, but the community had begun

itself. So it built its own water works at a cost of \$85,000. The expense was met by the issue of 4 per cent bonds. A reservoir was constructed by damming a creek in the hills, and the water enters the village under a head of 250 feet. The pressure is sufficient to throw a stream over any building in town. The old

volunteer companies have been dispensed with, and all that is required is a handful of men to haul a hose cart to the scene of trouble and attach the hose to a main. In addition to the free use of a fire service of fifty-seven hydrants, and all the water

age draws a revenue from water rates which now amounts to \$4,500 a year, and is constantly growing. All the payments on the principal of the water bonds are made from this revenue, and the surplus is used to extend the main. The bonds are paid off at the rate of \$2,500 a year, and the taxation for interest will soon cease, and when the last obligation is cancelled, the surplus revenue from water rates will be available for general village purposes.

still remaining unsatisfied seemed that of a system of illumination. Fredonia had been the first place in the world to light its houses with natural gas, beginning this improvement as long ago as 1821, but 70 years later its streets still remained in darkness. The gas was controlled by a private corporation whose high prices had discouraged the use of that variety of lighting for public purposes. But the village had finally learned that it could take care of its own light, and last year put in an electric plant of its own. The cost of

"At every new turn of the Fredonia windmill" the local Silurians have

tionary predicted such a place or taxation as would make the place unprofitable. How are their prophecies turning out? I quote from a letter of a progressive and representative citizen: "We have worked, like every wide-awake man, for the advancement of this town."

"When our last electric light note was paid our village tax will not exceed five mills per dollar on the assessed valuation (54 per cent of selling value) and we shall still have a surplus for other improvements. When our water works and public building are paid for, the income will easily pay for our village expenses. In fact, we

"Frandonia has a complete survey of sewer system, which has already

streets are concerned, and is being extended from year to year. The people pay for their sewers as they go along, each street meeting the cost of its own local drainage, and the village paying for any increased size needed to accommodate the older streets. The principal streets are provided with stone sidewalks—not artificial, but of real stone. The property owners are encouraged to lay these in front of their places by being allowed a drawback of half the cost from the general sewer tax. When most of the proprietors on a street have laid stone sidewalks, the Silurians who hold out and themselves paying about the whole tax.

"Since the Fredonia people have undertaken the secret of making improvements pay for themselves, there is scarcely anything they would lack the confidence to undertake. The town is still a very small place, and the inhabitants are lamenting that they are not a first class hotel, and are not as gloriously by law issued bonds and build one as a public en-

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

895 & 897 Broad Street, NEWARK, N. J.

---

SPECIALTIES,

FINE DIAMONDS,

FINE WATCHES,

pressive is sufficiently proved by the fact that private improvements have been carried on at the same time to an extent never approached in the village before.

"In a period of six years, just after the community had assumed the normal school debt, two congregations raised \$70,000 for new churches.

Kalsomring, Paper Hanging, Graining.

29 PELCOUBET ST., BLOOMFIELD.

JOHN G. KEYLER & SON,

**Social enjoyment.** The people have learned how much even a small community can accomplish by pulling together.  
**"San Francisco** shows how much a large one can do by pulling apart."

THE  
**AN ORDINANCE**  
 TO AUTHORIZE THE INHABITANTS OF THE Town of Bloomfield, in the County of Essex, to make a contract and agreement with the inhabitants of the Township of Montclair in the County of Essex for the construction of a sewer in said Township

---

	<b>FERT.</b>	
<b>Mattresses and Spring Beds</b>		
	ALWAYS ON HAND,	
<b>Re-upholstering and Repairing done with neatness.</b>		

ment" have applied for permission to build a new structure on the territory within the bounds of said Township of Bloomfield, and WHEREAS the said Township Committee deem it expedient that they should not withhold their consent to the construction of such sewer through territory situate within the bounds of said township, and WHEREAS the said Township Committee deem it expedient to construct and agree with the municipal authorities of the said Township of Montclair for the privilege and right to connect the sewers and drains of said Township of Bloomfield with such sewer to be constructed as aforesaid, in such manner as the sewer commission may deem proper, and

AND FURTHER that the said Township Committee of the Township of Bloomfield shall present that the authorities of said Township Montclair construct a sewer within the territory of said Township of Bloomfield from the line dividing said townships in Washington Street easterly through Washington Street and Union Street to the intersection of the

AND

**Masons' Materials,**

LATH, SHINGLES, BRICK, LIM

CEMENT, PLASTER, Etc.

**Del., Lack, & Western R. . .**  
 Newark and Bloomfield Branch.

**TO NEW YORK.**

Leave Glen-Ridge	5.54	6.15	6.38	7.09	7.40	7.58
10.16	10.40	11.05	11.37	11.57	12.13	12.43
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9.58	10.02	10.10	10.20	10.30	10.40	10.50
10.58	11.02	11.10	11.20	11.30	11.40	11.50
11.58	12.02	12.10	12.20	12.30	12.40	12.50
12.58	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
1.58	2.02	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.50
2.58	3.02	3.10	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.50
3.58	4.02	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50
4.58	5.02	5.10	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.50
5.58	6.02	6.10	6.20	6.30	6.40	6.50
6.58	7.02	7.10	7.20	7.30	7.40	7.50
7.58	8.02	8.10	8.20	8.30	8.40	8.50
8.58	9.02	9.10	9.20	9.30	9.40	9.50
9						

**SPECIALTIES:**

**Choice Teas & Coffees,**  
**Creamery and Dairy Butter.**